

EXPLANATION

● 112
DRILL HOLE—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to top of coal bed.

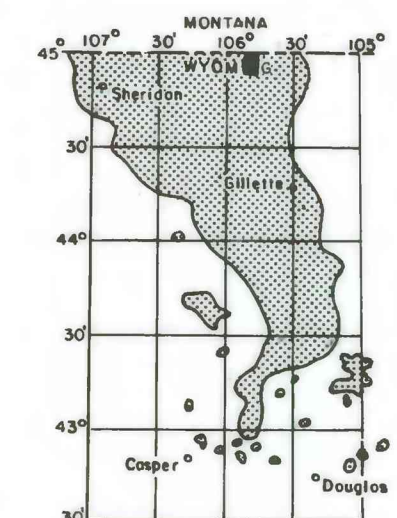
● 178
3
DRILL HOLE—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, (upper number) from the surface to top of coal bed, and thickness of interburden, in feet, (lower number) between the upper and lower splits of coal bed.

↑ A ↑
TRACE OF COAL BED OUTCROP—Arrow points toward the coal-bearing area.

BURNED AND CLINKERED COAL BED
—Showing area of baked and fused rock (v symbol). Dotted line indicates the inferred limit of burning.

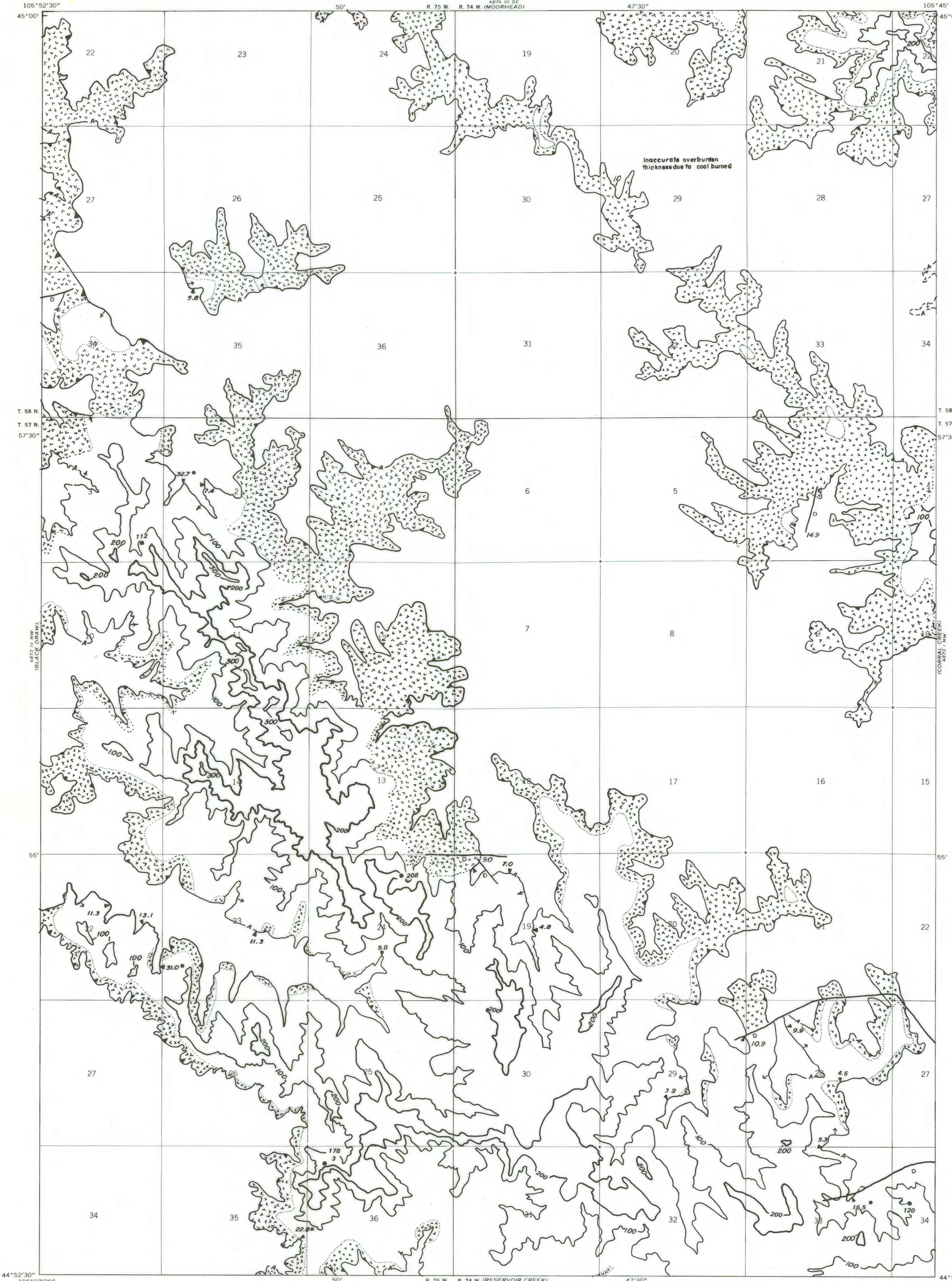
— 200 —
OVERBURDEN ISOPACHS—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. Isopach interval 100 feet (61.0m).

To convert feet to meters multiply feet by 0.3048.



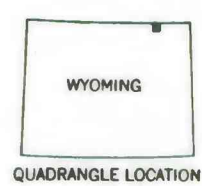
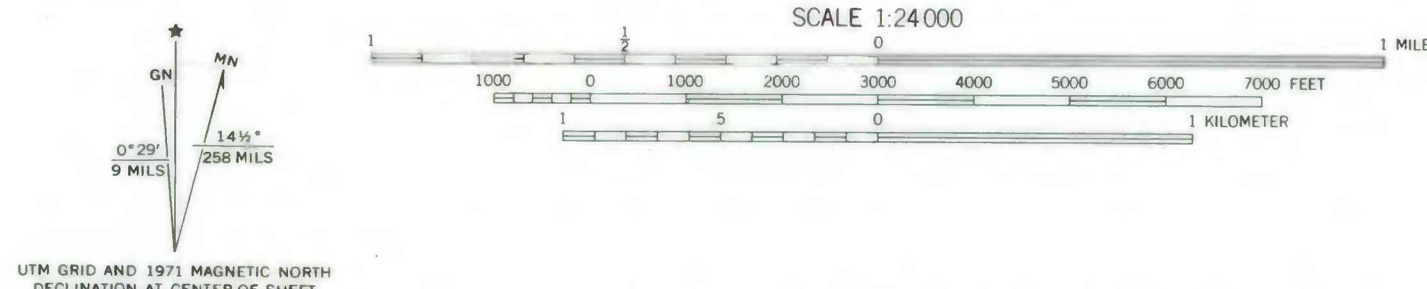
MAP SHOWING LOCATION OF THE DEAD HORSE LAKE QUADRANGLE AND THE POWDER RIVER BASIN KNOWN RECOVERABLE COAL RESOURCE AREA (STIPPLED), WYO.

This report has not been edited for conformity with Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.



Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1971

Compiled in 1978



COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE DEAD HORSE LAKE
QUADRANGLE, CAMPBELL COUNTY, WYOMING

BY
IntraSearch
1978